

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF NAMAN INDUSTRIES PROXIMA LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS NAMAN IN-STORE (INDIA) LIMITED)

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **NAMAN INDUSTRIES PROXIMA LIMITED (E.K.A. NAMAN IN-STORE (INDIA) LIMITED)** which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026 and the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year then ended, Statement of Cash flow for the year ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021, as amended ("Accounting Standards") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, its profit/loss and its cash flows for the period ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 32 to the accompanying financial statements regarding the implementation of the New Labour Codes. The Company has continued to account for employee benefit obligations, including gratuity and leave encashment, based on the existing applicable labour laws and prevailing salary structures. Considering the implementation of corresponding rules by various State Governments and related interpretational aspects of the said labour codes as at March 31, 2026, the management is evaluating the consequential impact, if any, on employee benefit obligations and related compliances. Accordingly, no adjustment in respect of any such impact has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information Other than the financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information which comprises of the Directors Report and other related information (the "other information"), but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this audit report.
- Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above, when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the Accounting Standards and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless

management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:
 - A. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - B. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - C. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - D. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - E. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

- F. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- G. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- H. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - d)
 - i. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company.
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - ii. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
 - a. directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
 - b. provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - iii. Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
 - e) The Company has not paid any dividend during the year and hence, compliance with Section 123 of the Act is not applicable.
- I. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For RUSHABH DAVDA & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.156559W)

CA. RUSHABH K DAVDA

Proprietor

Membership No: 188053

Peer Review No: 016545

Place: **Mumbai**

Date: **15/05/2026**

UDIN: 26188053CJFFEZ3010

ANNEXURE “A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub- section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **NAMAN INDUSTRIES PROXIMA LIMITED (E.K.A. NAMAN IN-STORE (INDIA) LIMITED)** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2026, in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and its joint operations companies incorporated in India (retain as applicable) based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For **RUSHABH DAVDA & ASSOCIATES**

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.156559W)

CA. RUSHABH K DAVDA

Proprietor

Membership No: 188053

Peer Review No: 016545

Place: **Mumbai**

Date: **15/05/2026**

UDIN: 26188053CJFFEZ3010



ANNEXURE “B” REPORT UNDER THE COMPANIES (AUDITORS’ REPORT) ORDER, 2020

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date on the accounts of **NAMAN INDUSTRIES PROXIMA LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS NAMAN IN-STORE (INDIA) LIMITED)** (the “Company”) for the year ended March 31, 2026, in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

- (i) According to the information & explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in respect of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets:
 - (a) (A) The Company has proper records related to full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified on regular interval. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company
 - (d) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (Including right to use assets) or Intangible Assets or both during the year. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 3(i)(d) of the order are not applicable to the company.
 - (e) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis our examination of the records of the company, there are no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Therefore, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the order is not applicable.
- (ii) (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. According to information and explanation given to us in our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No material discrepancies were noticed by management on verification between the physical stock and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
- (b) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis our examination of the records of the company, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets of the company. The quarterly/monthly returns/statements filed by the company with such banks/financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts of the company.
- (iii) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis our examination of the records of the Company has made investments in Companies during the year. Further, the Company has not made investments in Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other entities during the year. Further, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. In relation to the above, we report that:
 - (a) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loan or stood guarantee or provided security to any other entity during the year. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion, the investments made during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest. The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loan or stood guarantee or provided security to any other entity during the year. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to that extent.
 - (c) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loan during the year. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loan or stood guarantee or provided

security to any other entity during the year. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

- (e) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loan during the year. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- (f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) is not applicable.
- (iv) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any loans, investments, guarantees and security on which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(iv) of the said Order are not applicable to the company.
- (v) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts deemed to be deposits during the year and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information & explanation given to us, in respect of statutory dues, The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income tax, Sales Tax, Wealth tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, GST, Cess and other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities to the extent applicable to it. There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, wealth tax, service tax, sales tax, value added tax, duty of customs, duty of excise or cess which have remained outstanding as at March 31, 2026 for a period of more than 6 months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of the records of the company, there are not any statutory dues referred in sub- clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(vii)(b) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (viii) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis our examination of the records of the company, there is no any transaction not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) Based on information and explanation provided by the management of Company and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company,
 - (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of any loan or other borrowings or any interest due thereon to any lender.
 - (b) The company has not been a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis our examination of the records of the company, the loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis our examination of the records of the company, the loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the order is not applicable.
 - (e) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis our examination of the records of the company, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer. However, The Company has allotted 28,48,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 79 each. Allotment of the shares was done on 28th of March 2024 and Listing happened on 2nd April 2024. The monies as raised have been applied till March 31, 2026 as follows:

Sr No.	Object of the Issue	Modified Object, if any	Allocated amount	Revised Allocated Amount	Amount utilised till March 31, 2026	Amount unutilised till March 31, 2026
			(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)
1	Funding the Capital expenditure of our company to acquire land on leasehold basis at Butibori , MIDC and purpose to shift manufacturing facilities of the company	Funding of capital expenditure for purchase of land for setting up a new Manufacturing / Factory Unit in Gat No. 18/2, 31, 32, 33, 34/1, 34/2, 35, 36/1, Village Chambale, Taluka Wada, Dist. Palghar, Maharashtra 421312	466.83	549.03	549.03	-
2	Construction of factory building	Construction of factory building at Village Chambale Taluka Wada	1,217.89	1,113.79	-	1,113.79
3	N.A.	Stamp Duty, Registration & Other Statutory Expenses	-	37.18	37.18	-
4	General Corporate Expense	General Corporate Expense	600.00	584.72	584.72	-
5	Public issue Expense	Public issue Expense	250.00	250.00	250.00	-
Total			2,534.72	2,534.72	1,420.93	1,113.79

*The unutilized amount of the IPO proceeds are invested in the Fixed Deposits.

During the year, the company has not raised funds by way of further public offer and hence, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) is not applicable to that extent.

- (b) During the year, the company has not raised funds by way of preferential allotment of shares and preferential allotment or private placement of convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible). However, the company has issued 25,17,980 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of ₹ 129 each by way of Preferential Allotment in F.Y. 2024-2025 during the year. The monies as raised have been fully applied for the said purposes till March 31, 2026. Hence, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) is not applicable to that extent.

The company had completely utilised the funds before 31st March 2026 and the details of utilisation are below herewith.

Sr No.	Object of the Issue	Modified Object, if any	Allocated amount	Revised Allocated Amount	Amount utilised till March 31, 2026	Amount unutilised till March 31, 2026
			(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)
1	General Corporate Expense	-	850.00	-	850.00	-
2	Working Capital	-	2,649.99	-	2,649.99	-
	Total		3,499.99	-	3,499.99	-

- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the company and according to the information and explanation given to us, no fraud by the company or on the company has been noticed or reported during the course of audit.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2021 with the Central Government.
- (c) To the best of our knowledge, we have taken into consideration there is no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) According to information and explanation given to us, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of Order is not applicable.

- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the record of the Company, transactions with related parties are in compliance with the provisions of section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, provisions of section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 is applicable to the company. We have considered the internal audit reports of the company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the record of the Company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence, provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the order is not applicable.
- (b) The company has not conducted any non-banking financial or housing finance activities during the year and hence, the company is not required to obtain certificate of registration from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the order is not applicable.
- (c) The company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- (xvii) The company has not incurred cash loss in current financial year as well in immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) During the year, there are no resignation of statutory auditors. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a year of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a year of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) (a) There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- (b) In respect of ongoing projects, there are no unspent CSR amount at the end of previous financial year required to be transferred to a Special Account since section 135 was not applicable to the company in the previous financial year.
- In respect of ongoing projects, there are no unspent CSR amount remaining at the end of financial year required to be transferred to a Special Account. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For RUSHABH DAVDA & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.156559W)

CA. RUSHABH K DAVDA

Proprietor

Membership No: 188053

Peer Review No: 016545

Place: **Mumbai**

Date: **15/05/2026**

UDIN: 26188053CJFFEZ3010

BALANCE SHEET

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

		(₹ In Lakhs)	
Particulars	Note No.	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
I. Equity and Liabilities			
(1) Shareholders' Funds			
(a) Share Capital	2	1,306.60	1,306.60
(b) Reserves and Surplus	3	6,403.27	6,631.49
(c) Money received against share warrants		-	-
		7,709.87	7,938.09
(2) Share application money pending allotment		-	-
(3) Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Long-Term Borrowings	4	512.77	709.52
(b) Other Long Term Liabilities	5	3.00	3.00
(c) Long-Term Provisions	6	43.50	50.47
		559.28	762.99
(4) Current Liabilities			
(a) Short-Term Borrowings	7	1,818.44	1,108.87
(b) Trade Payables:-	8		
(i) Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises;		334.01	209.54
(ii) Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors Other Than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		1,274.68	1,354.21
(c) Other Current Liabilities	9	422.09	418.07
(d) Short-Term Provisions	10	44.49	70.06
		3,893.71	3,160.75
TOTAL (EQUITY AND LIABILITIES)		12,162.85	11,861.83
II. Assets			
(1) Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets	11		
(i) Property, Plant and Equipment		2,109.20	2,108.94
(ii) Intangible Assets		8.68	6.16
(iii) Capital Work-in-Progress		347.19	27.26
(b) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	12	95.40	25.37
(c) Other Non-Current Assets	13	1,444.23	562.97
		4,004.70	2,730.69
(2) Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	14	3,499.58	3,866.47
(b) Trade Receivables	15	2,967.47	2,737.18
(c) Cash and Bank Balance	16	1,413.82	2,353.97
(d) Short-Term Loans and Advances	17	176.02	173.37
(e) Other Current Assets	18	101.25	0.14
		8,158.15	9,131.13
TOTAL (ASSETS)		12,162.85	11,861.83

Significant accounting policies and notes forming part of the Financial Statements. 1-46

As per our report attached here with
For RUSHABH DAVDA & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
 ICAI Firm Reg. No. 156559W

For and on behalf of the board of
Naman Industries Proxima Limited

Sd/-
CA Rushabh K Davda
 Proprietor
 Membership No. 188053
 Peer Review No. 016545

Sd/-
Raju M. Paleja
 Chairman and Managing Director
 DIN :03093108

Sd/-
Foram Desai
 Whole-time Director
 DIN :08768092

Sd/-
Trupti Gothankar
 Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-
Roshni Tiwari
 Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Mumbai
Date : 15-05-2026

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Income			
I. Revenue from operations	19	14,250.94	15,562.86
II. Other income	20	175.98	149.85
III. Total Income (I + II)		14,426.92	15,712.71
IV. Expenses :			
Cost of materials consumed	21	8,208.60	9,398.50
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	22	370.54	(398.37)
Employee benefits expense	23	1,137.69	871.73
Other expenses	25	4,404.48	4,219.08
Total expenses		14,121.31	14,090.94
V. Profit before Depreciation. Finance cost and Tax (III - IV)		305.61	1,621.77
Finance costs	24	263.41	375.72
Depreciation and amortisation expense- Direct	11	285.96	331.94
Depreciation and amortisation expense- Indirect	11	54.37	64.08
VI. Profit before tax		(298.13)	850.03
VII. Tax expense :			
(1) Current tax		-	259.09
(2) Tax Adjustment for Earlier years		0.13	1.99
(3) Deferred tax		(70.03)	(39.01)
		(69.91)	222.08
XI. Profit (Loss) for the period from continuing operations (IX-X)		(228.22)	627.95
XII. Profit/(loss) from discontinuing operations		-	-
XIII. Tax expense of discontinuing operations		-	-
XIV. Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax)		-	-
XV. Profit (Loss) for the period (XI + XIV)		(228.22)	627.95
XVI. Earnings per equity share : (face value of share is Rs 10 each)			
Basic		(1.75)	5.34
Diluted		(1.75)	5.34

Significant accounting policies and notes forming part of the Financial Statements. 1-46

As per our report attached here with
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Chairman and Managing Director
DIN :03093108

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Whole-time Director
DIN :08768092

Sd/-
Trupti Gothankar
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-
Roshni Tiwari
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Mumbai
Date : 15-05-2026

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Net Profit before tax	(298.13)	850.03
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	340.32	396.02
Provision for Gratuity	7.35	12.36
Provision for Leave Encashment	8.46	13.19
Finance Cost	263.41	375.72
Interest income	(171.07)	(137.56)
Sundry Balance Written off	26.47	(0.97)
Loss / (Profit) on Capital Assets	0.69	(3.16)
Dividend income	-	(3.51)
Operating Profit before working Capital Changes	177.51	1,502.12
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
- Inventories	366.89	(777.18)
- Trade receivables	(256.76)	(1,131.77)
- Short-Term Loans And Advances	(2.65)	(119.12)
- Other non current assets	(881.26)	(49.29)
- Other current assets	(101.11)	4.01
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
- Trade Payables	44.94	(204.76)
- Other Current Liabilities	(6.49)	168.02
- Long-Term Provisions	(6.96)	17.35
- Short-Term Provisions	(29.99)	(26.39)
Cash Generated From Operations:	(695.89)	(617.02)
Income Taxes Paid (Net of Refunds)	(11.51)	(332.56)
Net Cash from operating activities	(707.40)	(949.58)
B. Cash flow from investing activities		
Payment for Purchase of Fixed Assets including Capital Work-in-Progress	(686.37)	(758.89)
Payment for Purchase of Fixed Assets in Finance Lease	(53.47)	(44.74)
Disposal of Fixed Assets	22.65	5.23
(Investment in)/Maturity Proceeds of Fixed Deposits	2,129.60	(2,323.51)
Sale of Investment	-	23.38
Interest Income	171.07	137.56
Dividend Income	-	3.51
Net Cash used in investing activities	1,583.47	(2,957.47)

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
C. Cash flow from Financing Activities		
Proceed from Issue of Equity Share (Net of Issue Expenses)	-	3,483.85
Long term borrowings Availed/(Repaid) (Net)	(132.78)	(294.33)
Short term borrowings Availed/(Repaid) (Net)	709.57	(1,507.70)
Interest paid	(263.41)	(375.72)
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	313.38	1,306.10
D. Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	1,189.44	(2,600.95)
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	30.46	2,631.41
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	1,219.90	30.46
Cash and Cash Equivalents consists of :-		
(i) Cash-in-hand	12.14	24.36
(ii) Balance with Banks in Current Accounts	11.45	6.10
(iii) Balance with Bank in Fixed Deposits (Remaining Maturity Less Than 3 Months)	1,196.31	-
Total	1,219.90	30.46

As per our report attached here with
For **RUSHABH DAVDA & ASSOCIATES**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg. No. 156559W

For and on behalf of the board of
Naman Industries Proxima Limited

Sd/-
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Sd/-
Trupti Gothankar
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-
Roshni Tiwari
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Mumbai
Date : 15-05-2026

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2026

Company Overview

Naman Industries Proxima Limited (Formerly Known As Naman In-Store (India) Limited) is a limited company, which is domiciled and incorporated in the Republic of India with its registered office situated at S No. 90 H No. 3B Kantharia Compound, Opp Sopara Phata Police Station, Pelhar, Thane, Vasai, Maharashtra, India, 401208. The Company was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on July 23, 2010.

Further pursuant to the approval of the Central Government signifying in writing and Certificate of Conversion issued by Registrar of companies, Mumbai dated 25th October 2023, the Company has been converted from Private Limited into Public Limited and pursuant to which the name and CIN of the Company have been changed from Naman In Store (India) Private Limited (U74140MH2010PTC205904) to Naman In Store (India) Limited (U74140MH2010PLC205904) which is now renamed to Naman Industries Proxima Limited

The Company has changed its name from Naman In-Store (India) Limited to Naman Industries Proxima Limited, pursuant to the approval of the members obtained through Postal Ballot on 18th November 2025, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable rules thereunder. The change of name was subsequently approved by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Certificate of Incorporation dated 08th December 2025, and by the Stock Exchange(s) vide their approval letter(s) dated 29th December 2025. Consequent upon the aforesaid approvals, the Company has completed all necessary statutory and procedural compliances, and the new name has been duly incorporated in the Memorandum and Articles of Association and other statutory records.

Further pursuant to the listing of equity shares of the Company on National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE") and in furtherance to our application made to the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, the Corporate Identification Number ("CIN") and Status of the Company on the Company Master Data of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has been updated to L74140MH2010PLC205904 being listed on stock exchange.

The Company is engaged in the manufacturing of customized retail store fixtures & furniture made from wood, metal, plastic and other materials. This includes display fixtures & furniture, indoor fixtures, full Shops, CTU, CDU, POSM merchandising etc. The company carries out industrial fabrication, manufacturing and installation of all types of display and commercial furniture, as well as any kind of interior work for onsite displays or at commercial premises or any make to order furniture & fixtures mainly relating to display. The Company mainly operates in the domestic market.

Note 1 : Significant Accounting Policies And Practices

A. Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India (Indian GAAP). These financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material respects specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 as amended from time to time.

B. Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency') The Indian Rupee (INR) is the functional and presentation currency of the company.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs ('00000') as per the requirement of Schedule III (except per share data), unless otherwise stated.

C. Operating Cycle

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and equivalent, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle to be 12 months for the purpose of current-non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

While preparing standalone financial statements in conformity with AS, the management has made certain estimates and assumptions that require subjective and complex judgments. These judgments affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the statement of financial position date and the reported amount of income and expenses for the reporting period. Future events rarely develop exactly as forecasted and the best estimates require adjustments, as actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

E. Cash Flow Statement (AS : 3)

Cash Flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Accounting standard - 3 'Cash Flow statements'.

F. Current and Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An Asset is treated as Current when it is :

- i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle.
- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period."

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period."

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

G. Inventories (AS : 2)

- a. Raw Materials - These inventories are valued at lower of cost or realizable value.
- b. Work in Process - These inventories are valued at estimated completion of the Job which would include the material cost and proportionate conversion/processing cost.
- c. Manufactured Finished Goods - These inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of finished goods comprises of materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads and excluding GST.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises Cash-in-hand, Current Accounts, Fixed Deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Other Bank Balances comprises of cash and bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents which has original maturity of more than three months and restricted balances.

I. Revenue Recognition (AS : 9)

- i) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when control of the goods has transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations to the customer. This is generally when the goods are delivered to the customer, depending on individual customer terms, which can be at the time of dispatch or delivery. This is considered the appropriate point where the performance obligations in our contracts are satisfied as the Company no longer have control over the inventory.

ii) Sale of Services

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as the underlying services are performed and recognised net of GST.

iii) Interest Income

Interest Income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

iv) Dividend

Dividend income is recognized when right to receive dividend is established.

v) GST

GST on purchase of material has been deducted in the value of finished goods or services. Input credit in respect of raw materials, packing materials, Stores and Spares, and capital expenditure has been accounted for on accrual basis. Input Credit on capital goods has been deducted from the cost of such capital goods/GST where input tax credit is allowed.

J. Property, Plant and Equipment & Intangible Assets (AS : 10)

i. Recognition and measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) are capitalised at acquisition cost, including directly attributable costs such as freight, insurance and specific installation charges for bringing the assets to working condition for use.

ii. Subsequent costs

Expenditure relating to existing PPE is added to the cost of the assets, where it increases the performance / life of the asset as assessed earlier.

Capital work in progress if any, consists cost of fixed assets that are not ready for their intended use at the reporting date.

iii. Derecognition

The carrying amount of an item of PPE is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of PPE is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss when the item is derecognized.

iv. Depreciation

The Depreciation has been calculated in accordance with the Schedule II prescribed under Companies Act, 2013. The Company depreciates its fixed assets over the useful life in the manner prescribed in Schedule II of the Act as per WDV Method. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during a period is proportionately charged. Individual low cost assets (acquired for less than Rs.5,000/-) are depreciated in the year of acquisition. Depreciation on additions to assets or on sale/discardment of assets is calculated on pro rata basis from the date of such addition or up to the date of such sale/discardment as the case may be.

K. Transactions in Foreign Exchange (AS : 11)

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the respective functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

L. Investments (AS : 13)

Investments are classified into current and non-current investments. Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non-current.

Non-current investments are carried individually at cost less provision for diminution, other than temporary, in the value of such investments. Current investments are carried individually, at the lower of cost and fair value. Cost of investments include acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Gross income and Expenses from Investments have been stated separately in the statement of Profit and Loss as specified in the statute governing the enterprise.

M. Employee Benefits (AS 15)

Short term benefits:

Short-term employee benefits are recognized as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Statement of profit and loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.

Long term benefits:

a) Defined Contribution Plan

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund for all its employees. Contributions are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to such benefits. The expense is recognized at the present value of the amount payable determined using actuarial valuation techniques. Actuarial gains and losses in respect of post-employment and other long term benefits are charged to the Statement of profit and loss.

b) Gratuity

The Company provides for its gratuity liability based on actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date which is carried out by an independent actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains or losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such gains or losses arise.

c) Leave encashment

Leave encashment is accounted based on actuarial valuation. (The estimated losses/ gains are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.)

d) Employee Stock Option Scheme

During the year, the company has approved and Employee Stock Option Scheme ("ESOP Scheme") for eligible employees in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and, where applicable, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ("SEBI SBEB Regulations")

However, no stock options were granted, vested or exercised under the Scheme upto 31st March 2026. Accordingly, no employee compensation expenses or other accounting impact has been recognised in the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026.

N. Borrowing Costs (AS : 16)

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessary takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

Basis of Capitalisation is the weighted average of the period's general purpose outstanding borrowing costs. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

O. Related Party Transaction (AS : 18)

Disclosure of transactions with related parties, as required by Accounting Standard 18 "Related Party Disclosure" has been set out in a Notes to the Financial Statement. Related parties as defined under clause 3 of the Accounting Standard have been identified based on representations made by key managerial personnel and information available with the Company.

P. Leases (AS : 19)

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

Lease arrangements where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership associated with the leased assets are classified as finance leases. Assets taken on finance lease are recognised as fixed assets. An equivalent liability is created at the inception of the lease. Rentals paid are apportioned between finance charge and principal based on the implicit rate of return in the contract. The finance charge is shown as interest expense and the principal amount is reduced from the liability. The assets acquired under the lease are depreciated over the lease term, which is reflective of the useful life of the leased asset.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless other systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the benefit.

Q. Earnings per share (AS : 20)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) attributable to equity share holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events of fresh issue of equity shares.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) attributable equity share holders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

R. Tax Expense (AS : 22)

Tax expense comprises both current and deferred taxes. The current charge for income taxes is calculated in accordance with the relevant tax regulations. Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Deferred tax assets are recognized on carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation and tax losses only if there is virtual certainty that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable profits.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets of earlier years are re-assessed and recognized to the extent that it has become reasonably certain that future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Deferred tax asset in respect of carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

S. Impairment of Assets (AS : 28)

Assets are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell), the asset is written down accordingly.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the smallest Component of assets to which it belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash flows; its cash generating units ('CGUs').

T. Provisions and contingencies (AS : 29)

The Company recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated.

A disclosure of contingent liability is also made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

U. Segment reporting (AS : 17)

Company is in manufacturing of customized Retail Store fixtures & Furniture's in Wood, Metal, Plastic, Display fixtures & Furniture's, Indoor fixtures, Full Shops, CTU, CDU, POSM merchandising etc. which is considered as the only reportable segment. The Company's operations are based in India. There are no reportable geographical segment.

V. Measurement of EBITDA

As permitted by the Guidance Note on the Revised Schedule III to the Act, the Company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) as a separate line item on the face of the statement of profit and loss. The Company measures EBITDA on the basis of profit/ (loss) from continuing operations. In its measurement, the company does not include depreciation and amortization expense, finance costs and tax expense.

W. Extra - ordinary & Exceptional Items (AS : 5)

Income or Expenses that arise from events or transactions that are clearly distinct from the ordinary activities of the Company are classified as extraordinary items. Specific disclosure of such events/transactions are made in the financial statement. Similarly, any external events beyond the control of the Company, significantly impacting income or expenses, is also treated as extraordinary item and disclose as such.

On certain occasions, the size, type or incidents of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Company, is such that its disclosure improves an understanding of the performance of the Company. Such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item & accordingly disclosed in the notes of accounts.

X. Disclosure of Accounting Policies (AS: 1)

The accounting policies have been disclosed to the extent applicable to the company.

NOTE 2 : SHARE CAPITAL

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Authorised Share Capital		
1,50,00,000 (Previous Year 1,50,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- (Rs.10/-) each	1,500.00	1,500.00
	1,500.00	1,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid - up		
1,30,65,980 (Previous Year 1,05,48,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- (Rs.10/-) each, fully paid up	1,306.60	1,306.60
	1,306.60	1,306.60

A. Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and amount of share capital :

For Equity Shares of ₹ 10 par value

Particulars	No. of Shares		Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	
	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Number of Shares at the beginning of the period	13,065,980.00	10,548,000.00	1,306.60	1,054.80
Add : Shares issued during the period (Fresh Issue)	-	2,517,980.00	-	251.80
Number of Shares at the end of the period	13,065,980.00	13,065,980.00	1,306.60	1,306.60

B. Terms Rights and Restrictions attached to Shares:

Equity Shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

During the year ended 31st March, 2026, the amount of per share dividend recognised as distribution to equity shareholders was Rs. Nil.

C. Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% Shares in the Company :

Sr. No	Particulars	% of Holdings in Class Equity		No. of Shares	
		31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
1	Raju Mathuradas Paleja	12.67%	12.67%	1,655,500.00	1,655,500.00
2	Jay Jitendra Shah	19.45%	19.45%	2,541,000.00	2,541,000.00
3	Mehul Deepak Naik	6.78%	6.78%	885,500.00	885,500.00
4	Abdul Shahid Shaikh	9.72%	9.72%	1,270,500.00	1,270,500.00
5	Bhavika Paleja	5.89%	5.89%	770,000.00	770,000.00
6	Ashish Kacholia	0.01%	8.26%	735.00	1,079,135.00
7	RBA Finance & Investments	8.26%	8.26%	1,079,135.00	1,079,135.00
8	Suryavanshi Commotrade Private Limited	8.25%	0.00%	1,078,400.00	-

D. Disclosure of shareholding of promoters as at 31st March 2026 is as follows:

Sr. No	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% Change during the year
1	Raju Mathuradas Paleja	1,655,500.00	12.67%	0.00%
2	Jay Jitendra Shah	2,541,000.00	19.45%	0.00%
3	Mehul Deepak Naik	885,500.00	6.78%	0.00%
4	Abdul Shahid Shaikh	1,270,500.00	9.72%	0.00%
5	Bhavika Paleja	770,000.00	5.89%	0.00%
6	Mahi Paleja	192,500.00	1.47%	0.00%
7	Dipti Mehul Naik	385,000.00	2.95%	0.00%

D. Disclosure of shareholding of promoters as at 31st March 2025 is as follows:

Sr. No	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% Change during the year
1	Raju Mathuradas Paleja	1,655,500.00	12.67%	-3.02%
2	Jay Jitendra Shah	2,541,000.00	19.45%	-4.64%
3	Mehul Deepak Naik	885,500.00	6.78%	-1.62%
4	Abdul Shahid Shaikh	1,270,500.00	9.72%	-2.32%
5	Bhavika Paleja	770,000.00	5.89%	-1.41%
6	Mahi Paleja	192,500.00	1.47%	-0.35%
7	Dipti Mehul Naik	385,000.00	2.95%	-0.70%

E. Bonus Shares Issued During Last 5 Years

Promoter Name	No. of Shaares
Bonus Shares issued in last 5 Years	6,300,000.00

Note 3. Reserves and Surplus
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Balance in Profit & Loss Account		
Opening Balance	1,414.09	786.14
Add: Net Profit/Loss after Tax transferred from the Statement of Profit and Loss	(228.22)	627.95
Closing balance	1,185.87	1,414.09
Securities Premium Account		
Opening Balance	5,217.41	1,985.35
Add: Addition During the Year	-	3,248.19
less: Utilized During the Year	-	(16.14)
Closing balance	5,217.41	5,217.41
Total (Reserves and Surplus)	6,403.27	6,631.49

Note 4 : Long-Term Borrowings
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Secured		
(Nature of security shall be specified separately in each case.)		
Term Loan		
from Banks	293.22	397.60
from other parties	16.38	44.78
Long term maturities of finance lease obligations	203.17	267.14
Total (Long-Term Borrowings)	512.77	709.52

Note: Refer Annexure on 'Terms of Borrowings ' for the details, terms & conditions and other disclosures for Long Term Borrowings.

Note 5 : Other Long-Term Liabilities
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Business Refundable Deposit	3.00	3.00
Total (Other Long Term Liabilities)	3.00	3.00

Note 6 : Long-Term Provisions
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Provision for employee benefits-gratuity	9.67	20.48
Provision for leave encashment	33.83	29.98
Total (Long-Term Provisions)	43.50	50.47

Note 7 : Short-Term Borrowings

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Secured Borrowings		
Overdraft Facility		
From Banks	882.91	314.07
Bill Discounting - From Banks	593.91	599.18
Letter of Credit (LC) - From Banks	182.85	12.17
Current maturity to Long term Debt	130.78	105.15
Unsecured Borrowings		
Loans & advances from related parties	28.00	78.30
Total (Short-Term Borrowings)	1,818.44	1,108.87

Note: Refer Annexure on 'Statement of Indebtness' for the details, terms & conditions and other disclosures for Short Term Borrowings.

Note 8 : Trade Payables

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Total Outstanding Dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		
Trade Payable	334.01	209.54
	334.01	209.54
Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors Other Than Micro and Small Enterprises		
Payable for Goods	1,274.68	1,354.21
	1,274.68	1,354.21
Total (Trade Payables)	1,608.69	1,563.74

A. Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	334.01	-	-	-	334.01
(ii) Others	1,274.65	0.02	-	-	1,274.68
(iii) Disputed - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total (March 31 2026)	1,608.66	0.02	-	-	1,608.69
(i) MSME	209.54	-	-	-	209.54
(ii) Others	1,353.89	0.32	-	-	1,354.21
(iii) Disputed - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total (March 31 2025)	1,563.42	0.32	-	-	1,563.74

B. Disclosure required under Clause 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
(a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;		
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	334.01	209.54
Interest due on the above	-	-

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
(b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	-	-
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	-	-
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	-
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-
Note :		
(1) The Company has followed the process of obtaining declarations from the creditors and subject to the confirmations received within the timelines, the MSME bifurcation has been presented above.		
(2) The Company has not accounted for interest provisions as per MSMED Act, 2006 as the company has made payments to MSME Vendors within contractual period which is exceeding the contractual time-limit as per MSMED Act, 2006 and the amount payable to them are agreed between the company and the vendors considering the contractual credit period and hence, no interest is payable.		

Note 9 : Other Current Liabilities
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Advance from Customers	74.15	185.07
Employee benefits Payable	96.22	71.19
Statutory Dues Payable	187.74	108.34
Short term maturities of finance lease obligations	63.97	53.47
Total (Other Current Liabilities)	422.09	418.07

Note 10 : Short-Term Provisions
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Provision for Income Tax (Net of Advance Tax, TDS, TCS)	-	11.39
Provision for Expenses	16.07	14.76
Provision for Lease Equalisation	28.34	42.88
Provision for Leave Encashment	0.08	1.03
Total (Short-Term Provisions)	44.49	70.06

Note 11 : Property Plant & Equipment's & Intangible assets
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

Particulars	GROSS BLOCK			DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK	
	As on 01.04.2025	Additions	Disposal	As on 01.04.2025	For The Year	Disposal	As on 31st March 2026	As on 31st March 2026	As on 31.03.2025
PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT									
Land at Wada	613.39	93.19	-	-	-	-	-	706.58	613.39
Vehicles	51.32	-	-	37.74	4.53	-	42.27	9.04	13.57
Plant & Machinery	1,822.24	196.82	45.60	804.03	208.12	22.26	989.89	983.57	1,018.21
Office Equipments	55.38	5.57	-	38.05	10.94	-	48.99	11.97	17.33
Computer	98.97	15.86	-	78.20	20.31	-	98.51	16.32	20.77
Furniture & Fixtures	62.41	11.65	-	27.31	12.35	-	39.67	34.39	35.10
Electrical Equipment's	59.41	-	-	43.10	4.62	-	47.72	11.68	16.31
Leased Plant & Machinery	535.58	-	-	161.32	72.61	-	233.93	301.65	374.26
Leased Property Improvement		34.59		-	0.60		0.60	33.99	-
Subtotal	3,298.69	357.69	45.60	1,189.76	334.09	22.26	1,501.58	2,109.20	2,108.94
INTANGIBLE ASSETS									
Software	18.29	8.75	-	12.14	6.23	-	18.37	8.68	6.16
Subtotal	18.29	8.75	-	12.14	6.23	-	18.37	8.68	6.16
CAPITAL-WORK-IN-PROGRESS									
Factory Premises Wada	27.26	319.94	-	-	-	-	-	347.19	27.26
Subtotal	27.26	319.94	-	-	-	-	-	347.19	27.26
Current Year Total	3,344.25	686.37	45.60	1,201.89	340.32	22.26	1,519.95	2,465.07	2,142.36
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025									
Previous Year Total	2,622.61	758.89	37.25	841.06	396.02	35.19	1,201.89	2,142.36	1,781.55

Amounts In Lakhs

Amounts In Lakhs

Note 12 : Deferred Tax Assets
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Deferred Tax Assets		
On difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets	25.32	12.41
Expenses disallowed under Income Tax Act, 1961	70.08	12.96
Total (Deferred Tax Assets)	95.40	25.37

Note 13 : Other Non-Current Assets
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Security Deposits	268.98	300.45
Investment In Fixed Deposit (Remaining Maturity More than 12 Months)	1,175.24	262.52
Total (Other Non-Current Assets)	1,444.23	562.97

Note - Capital Commitments made by the company in relation to the Advance paid for Capital Goods as on the Balance sheet date.

Note 14 : Inventories
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Raw Materials	956.15	952.50
Work-in-Progress	1,310.47	1,098.68
Finished Goods	1,232.96	1,815.29
Total (Inventories)	3,499.58	3,866.47

Note 15 : Trade Receivables
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Considered Good		
Undisputed trade receivables	2,967.47	2,737.18
Disputed trade receivables	-	-
Considered doubtful		
Undisputed trade receivables	-	-
Disputed trade receivables	-	-
Others	2,967.47	2,737.18
Less : Provision for Doubtful Debts		
Total (Trade Receivables)	2,967.47	2,737.18

Ageing for Trade Receivables outstanding as at 31st March 2026 is as follows -

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment*					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	2,889.34	24.53	25.15	28.46	-	2,967.47
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables- considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables- considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (31st March, 2026)	2,889.34	24.53	25.15	28.46	-	2,967.47

Ageing for Trade Receivables outstanding as at 31st March 2025 is as follows -

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment*					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	2,394.17	260.35	61.96	20.70	-	2,737.18
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables- considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables- considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (31st March, 2025)	2,394.17	260.35	61.96	20.70	-	2,737.18

Note 16 : Cash and Bank Balances

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash-in-hand	12.14	24.36
Balances with Bank		
In Current accounts	11.45	6.10
In Fixed Deposits (Remaining Maturity Less Than 3 Months)	1,196.31	-
Other Bank Balances		
In Fixed Deposits(Original Maturity more than 3 Months upto Remaining 12 Months)	193.92	2,323.51
Total (Cash and Cash Equivalents)	1,413.82	2,353.97

Note 17 : Short term Loans & Advances

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Advance Paid to Suppliers	110.72	132.24
Advances Given to Staff	2.91	2.17
Prepaid CSR	4.90	-
Prepaid Expenses	57.49	38.96
Total (Short term Loans & Advances)	176.02	173.37

Note 18 : Other Current Assets

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
TDS Recoverable from Financial Institutions	0.09	0.14
Advance Tax, TDS, TCS (Net Of Provision)	101.16	-
Total (Other Current Assets)	101.25	0.14

Note 19 : Revenue From Operations

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Sale of Goods	14,250.94	15,562.86
Total (Revenue From Operations)	14,250.94	15,562.86

Note 20 : Other Income

Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Interest On	171.07	137.56
Fixed Deposits with bank	-	3.51
Dividend Income	-	0.97
Sundry Balance Write/off	-	3.16
Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets	4.92	4.65
Miscellaneous Income	4.65	0.57
Total (Other Income)	175.98	149.85

Note 21 : Cost Of Materials Consumed
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Opening Stock	952.50	573.69
Add: Purchases	7,509.70	8,994.59
Add: Other Direct Procurement Costs	702.55	782.72
	9,164.75	10,351.00
Less: Closing Stock	(956.15)	(952.50)
Total (Cost Of Materials Consumed)	8,208.60	9,398.50

Note 24 : Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Opening Stock of Finished Goods	1,815.29	2,140.28
Opening Stock of Work-In-Progress	1,098.68	375.32
Closing Stock of Finished Goods	(1,232.96)	(1,815.29)
Closing Stock of Work-In-Progress	(1,310.47)	(1,098.68)
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	370.54	(398.37)

Note 23 : Employee Benefits Expense
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Salaries and Wages	185.36	168.35
Salary- Production	679.39	454.70
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	12.69	9.32
Provision for Gratuity	7.35	12.36
Staff Welfare Expenses	48.71	50.04
Directors' Remuneration	195.74	163.77
Provision for Leave Encashment	8.46	13.19
Total (Employee Benefits Expense)	1,137.69	871.73

Note 24 : Finance Costs
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Bank Charges	7.63	2.67
Interest Expenses		
Interest on Borrowings	201.02	304.98
Interest Charges on Finance Lease	54.63	63.36
Interest on TDS	0.12	0.05
Interest on Income Tax	0.02	4.66
Total (Finance Costs)	263.41	375.72

Note 25 : Other Expenses
Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Manufacturing Expenses		
Factory Rent	527.96	546.47
Installation Expenses	373.20	395.47
Power & Fuel Expenses	299.38	295.70
Labour Charges	2,058.67	2,025.99

Transportation & Freight Charges	417.28	357.06
Factory Expenses	17.53	8.47
Factory Licence fees	0.83	0.22
Factory Repairs	40.41	65.49
Housekeeping Expenses	31.07	18.65
Professional Fees Direct	51.89	85.40
Security Charges	4.00	-
Rework Charges	79.50	51.54
Repair & Maintenance Expenses	52.96	38.75
Discount	25.98	-
Penalty	0.30	-
	3,980.96	3,889.22
<u>Establishment Expenses</u>		
Audit Fees (Refer Note 41 G)	9.75	8.75
Insurance Expenses	13.16	10.03
Communication expenses	6.88	6.55
Corporate Social Responsibility expenses	17.70	12.50
Donation	0.13	0.25
Sundry Balance W/off	26.47	-
Travelling Expenses	42.02	56.50
Legal & Professional Charges	99.99	98.36
Office Expenses	8.76	15.29
Listing Expenses	13.20	-
Listing Fees	-	5.49
Stamp Duty Charges	5.32	2.59
Software Expenses	28.80	18.75
Courier Charges	43.42	25.00
Membership & Subscription	2.92	1.28
Printing & Stationery	10.31	5.22
(Profit)/Loss On Sale Of Fixed Asset	0.69	-
Rates & Taxes	27.09	8.54
ROC Fees	-	4.14
Repair & Maintenance	29.40	27.27
Miscellaneous Expenses	1.17	7.95
	387.18	315.21
<u>Selling Expenses</u>		
Commission Paid	5.30	0.60
Advertising & Public Relationship Expenses	-	1.70
Marketing Expenses	10.09	-
<u>Business Promotion Expenses</u>	20.95	12.35
Total (Other Expenses)	36.34	14.65

Note 26 : Capitalization of Borrowing Costs

During the year current year as well as in the previous year, the Company has not capitalized any borrowing cost in the absence of any qualifying assets.

Note 27 : Title deeds of immovable properties not held in the name of company

There is no property held by the company for which title deed is not in the name of the company. During the year the company has not revalued the Property Plant and Equipment.

Note 28 : Loans or Advances in nature of loans granted to promoters, directors, KMPs, and the related parties (severally or jointly)

The company has not granted any loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties.

Note 29 : Disclosure in respect of asset taken on operating lease

- (i) Godown No. 01 & 02, Sheetal Industrial Complex, Chinchoti - Bhiwandi Road, Behind Sagar Hotel, Kaman, Vasai Virar, Palghar, Maharashtra, 401208
- (ii) PL 18/48, Survey No. 90/3/B, 90/3/2/B, 84/2, Kantharia Bungalow & Plot, Opp. Sopara Phata, Police Station, Pelhar, Vasai Virar, Palghar, Maharashtra, 401208
- (iii) Ground Floor, Gala No. D/5, Akurli Industrial Premises Cooperative Society Limited, Akurli Road, OPP Sancheti Hospital, Kandivali East, Mumbai, Mumbai Suburban, Maharashtra, 400101
- (iv) Ground & 1st Floor, Survey No. 23/5/2A & 15/1/B, Aspee Research Institute, Bhiwandi Vada Road, Bhiwadi, Vada, Palghar, Maharashtra, 421303

a. Minimum Lease Payments under operating lease at the balance sheet date:

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
The lease rental payable in future in respect of operating leases are as under :-		
Lease rentals payable :-		
Not later than one year	467.47	524.21
Later than one year and not later than five years	348.21	755.21
Later than five years	-	-
Total	815.69	1,279.42

b. The Company has no contingent rents to be recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss for the period and has not sub-leased any property.
c. Lease payments recognised in the statement of profit and loss for the period. Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Lease payments recognised in the statement of profit and loss	541.16	546.47
Total	541.16	546.47

Note 32 : Disclosure in respect of asset taken on finance lease
a. Minimum Lease Payments under financial lease at the balance sheet date: Amounts In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
The lease rental payable in future in respect of finance leases are as under :-		
Lease rentals payable :-		
Not later than one year	108.10	108.10
Later than one year and not later than five years	130.25	238.35
Later than five years	-	-
Total	238.35	346.45

b. The Company has no contingent rents to be recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss for the period
Note 33 : Employee Benefits
a) Gratuity - Defined Benefit Plans:

The gratuity benefit payable to the employees of the Company is as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, as amended. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least 5 years of service gets gratuity on separation or at the time of superannuation calculated for equivalent to 15 days salary for each completed year of service calculated on last drawn basic salary. The Company does not have a funded plan for gratuity liability upto March 2022. Post March 2022 Company has started Funded Gratuity.

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing balance of the Present Value of the defined benefit obligation	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Obligation at period beginning*	36.25	24.01
Current service cost	13.60	11.99
Interest Cost	2.63	1.62
Actuarial (gain) / loss	(6.46)	(0.14)
Benefits paid	(0.65)	(1.24)

Obligations as at the reporting date	45.37	36.25
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing balance of the Fair Value of Plan Assets	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Fair Value of plan assets at beginning of the year*	15.76	11.74
Expected Return on Plan Assets	1.78	0.89
Company Contributions	18.16	2.92
Benefits paid	(0.65)	-
Actuarial gain / (loss)	0.64	0.22
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year	35.70	15.76
Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of plan assets		
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year	35.70	15.76
Present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the year	45.37	36.25
Liabilities/(Assets) recognized in the Balance Sheet	9.67	20.48
Cost for the year		
Current service cost	13.60	11.99
Interest Cost	2.63	1.62
Past Service Cost	-	-
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(1.78)	(0.89)
Actuarial (gain) / loss	(7.10)	(0.36)
Net Cost recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	7.35	12.36
Assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation:		
Discount Rate	7.25%	6.75%
Expected rate of increase in salary	7.00%	7.00%
Attrition Rate	5% to 1%	5% to 1%
Mortality Rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.
Details of Experience Adjustment on Plan Assets and Liabilities		
Experience adjustment on plan assets	0.64	-
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities	(3.49)	-

b) Leave Encashment

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing balance of the Present Value of the defined benefit obligation	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Obligation at period beginning	31.01	21.58
Current service cost	3.31	15.70
Interest Cost	2.25	1.46
Actuarial (gain) / loss	2.90	(3.97)
Benefits paid	(5.56)	(3.77)
Obligations as at the reporting date	33.92	31.01
Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of plan assets		
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
Present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the year	33.92	31.01
Liabilities/(Assets) recognized in the Balance Sheet	33.92	31.01

Cost for the year		
Current service cost	3.31	15.70
Interest Cost	2.25	1.46
Past Service Cost	-	-
Actuarial (gain) / loss	2.90	(3.97)
Net Cost recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	8.46	13.19
Assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation:		
Discount Rate	7.25%	6.75%
Expected rate of increase in salary	7.00%	7.00%
Attrition Rate	5% to 1%	5% to 1%
Mortality Rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.
Details of Experience Adjustment on Plan Assets and Liabilities		
Experience adjustment on plan assets	-	-
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities	0.01	-

c) Defined Contribution Plans:

"Contribution to provident and other funds" is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Note 32 : Implementation of New Labour Codes

The Government of India has enacted the following labour codes which are intended to subsume and rationalize various existing labour legislations:

- Code on Wages, 2019
- Industrial Relations Code, 2020
- Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020
- Code on Social Security, 2020

The Government of India has enacted various labour codes, including the Code on Wages, 2019, Industrial Relations Code, 2020, Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 and Code on Social Security, 2020, which are yet to be fully implemented pending notification of effective dates and related rules by various State Governments as at March 31, 2026.

Accordingly, the Company has continued to account for employee benefit obligations in accordance with the existing applicable labour laws and consistent accounting policies. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the said labour codes on employee benefit obligations, payroll structures and related compliances. Since the effective date and applicable rules are yet to be fully notified, the financial impact, if any, cannot presently be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, no adjustment in respect of any such impact has been recognised in the accompanying financial statements.

Accordingly, no adjustment in respect of any additional liability, obligation or compliance requirement, if any, that may arise upon implementation of the aforesaid labour codes has been recognised in the accompanying financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026.

Note 33 : Capital-Work-in-Progress (CWIP)

The company had raised funds through IPO to construct a factory. The company has bought land w.r.t. same. This Factory Premises is shown as a capital work-in-progress in the books of accounts as complete construction of the factory is still under process.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project Details					
(i) Wada Factory Building	319.94	27.26	-	-	347.19

Note 34 : Ratio Analysis and its elements

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025	%change	Reason
(a) Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.10	2.89	-27.47%	Primarily attributable to a reduction in cash and bank balances due to the reclassification of fixed deposits from maturities of less than 12 months to more than 12 months, along with a reduction in inventory levels. Also there is increase in current liability due to increase in use of CC facility
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.30	0.23	32.00%	On account of increase in debt attributable to higher utilization of the cash credit facility to support working capital requirements and due to loss during the year.
(c) Return on Equity Ratio	Net profit after taxes - pref dividend	Average shareholders equity	-2.92%	10.68%	-127.32%	Return on Equity ratio declined primarily due to lower profitability during the year, resulting in a net loss as compared to profit in the previous year, thereby adversely impacting returns generated on shareholders' equity.
(d) Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	2.33	2.59	-9.99%	N.A.
(e) Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Net credit sales= revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	5.00	7.17	-30.31%	The decline in the trade receivables turnover ratio is mainly attributable to reduced sales during the year
(f) Trade payables turnover ratio	Net credit purchases= Traded goods + raw materials and packing + other expenses	Average trade payables	7.49	7.92	-5.36%	N.A.
(g) Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales = Total sales - sales return	Average working capital = Current assets - current liabilities	2.78	3.63	-23.19%	N.A.

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025	%change	Reason
(h) Net profit ratio	Net profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	-1.60%	4.03%	-139.69%	On account of increase in COGS and also reduction in the sales revenue
(i) Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital employed = tangible net worth (total equity - intangible assets)+ total borrowings - deferred tax asset	-0.35%	12.60%	-102.77%	Primarily on account of lower operating profitability, resulting in reduced EBIT as compared to the previous year.
(j) Return on investment	Interest income on deposits + net gain on mutual funds	Average Investment in deposits and mutual funds	0.00%	30.00%	-100.00%	As there was no dividend Income

Note 35 : Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

Amounts In Lakhs		
Particulars	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Earnings		
Profit and Loss for the year	(228.22)	627.95
Nominal Value	10.00	10.00
Shares:		
Outstanding number of equity shares	13,065,980	1,30,65,980
Weighted average shares used for computing EPS	13,065,980	1,17,62,149
Earnings per equity share (Pre Bonus):		
Basic (in Rs.)	(1.75)	5.34
Diluted (in Rs.)	(1.75)	5.34

Note 36 : Related Party Transactions
List of Related Parties

Particulars	Nature of Relationship
Key Management Personnel / Directors	
Raju Paleja	Chairman and Managing Director
Jay Shah	Whole-time Director
Mehul Naik	Whole-time Director
Abdul Shahid Shaikh	Whole-time Director
Foram Desai	Whole-time Director
Roshni Tiwari	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
Trupti Ketan Gothankar	Chief Financial Officer
Director's Relatives	
Mathuradas Paleja	Director's Relatives
Bhavika Raju Paleja	Director's Relatives
Mahi Raju Paleja	Director's Relatives
Binita Jay Shah	Director's Relatives
Dipti Mehul Naik	Director's Relatives

Particulars	Nature of Relationship
Sakerabanu A Shaikh	Director's Relatives
Nayana Jitendra Shah	Director's Relatives
Jitendra Shah	Director's Relatives

Entities owned/controlled by Key Management Personnel and their relatives

Renam Retail Private Limited

Purple Life Style

Reyner Enterprises

Solution

Shivom Trade Corp (Prop. Binita Jay Shah)

The Company has entered into following related parties transactions :

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Director Remuneration		
Raju Paleja	33.03	33.10
Jay Shah	62.44	47.61
Mehul Naik	31.82	32.14
Abdul Shahid Shaikh	32.44	32.44
Foram Desai	36.50	18.47
Interest Paid		
Mathuradas Paleja	1.63	9.00
Raju Paleja	4.00	6.34
Rent Paid		
Raju Paleja	-	30.00
Mathuradas Paleja	-	7.20
Salary Paid		
Roshni Tiwari	6.50	0.28
Trupti Ketan Gothankar	11.69	10.70
Binita Jay Shah	10.75	25.80
Bhavika Raju Paleja	6.00	6.00
Dipti Mehul Naik	6.00	6.00
Sakerabanu A Shaikh	6.00	6.00
Mahi Raju Paleja	1.50	-
Unsecured Loan Accepted		
Raju Paleja	-	25.00
Unsecured Loans Repaid		
Mathuradas Paleja	49.44	-
Raju Paleja	3.90	347.47

Particulars	Closing Balance	
	31st March, 2026	31st March, 2025
Unsecured Loan Accepted		
Raju Paleja	28.00	28.30
Mathuradas Paleja	-	50.00
Director Remuneration		
Raju Paleja	5.76	0.65
Jay Shah	4.74	4.48
Mehul Naik	4.57	5.30
Abdul Shahid Shaikh	2.86	3.25
Foram Desai	2.37	1.00
Rent Paid		
Raju Paleja	-	13.22
Salary Paid		
Roshni Tiwari	0.53	0.27
Trupti Ketan Gothankar	0.94	0.85
Binita Jay Shah	-	1.91
Bhavika Raju Paleja	0.50	0.54
Dipti Mehul Naik	1.67	1.63
Sakerabanu A Shaikh	1.72	1.62
Mahi Raju Paleja	0.50	-

Note 37 : Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
I. Contingent Liabilities		
(a) claims against the company not acknowledged as debt;	-	-
(b) guarantees excluding financial guarantees; and	-	-
(c) other money for which the company is contingently liable	-	-
II. Commitments		
(a) estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	-	-
(b) uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid	-	-
(c) other commitments	-	-

Note 38 : Corporate Social Responsibility

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The provisions of CSR are applicable to the company from FY 2024-25, accordingly the necessary compliance under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 is under process and will be completed within the specified timelines.

Details of Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure

Particular	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Amount Required to be spent by the company during the year	17.70	12.31
Amount of Expenditure incurred	22.60	12.50
(Excess) / Shortfall at the end of the year	(4.90)	-
Reason for shortfall	NIL	NIL

Nature of CSR Activity	Amount spent on as follows: (1) Relief for Education and Medical to Poor (2) Construction of Cow Shed (3) Animal feeding Like Cow Feeding in Gaushala	Amount spent on Relief for Education and Medical to Poor
Details of related party transactions e.g. Contribution to trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per the relevant account standard.	NIL	NIL
Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movement in provision during the year should be shown separately.	NIL	NIL
Excess amount Spent as per section 135(5)	(4.90)	-
Payment Made During the Year	22.60	-
Amount Carried Forward	4.90	-

Movement of CSR Provision in case of Short / (Excess) paid:

In case of S. 135(5) Excess Amount Spent				
Financial Year Ending On	Opening Balance	Amount Required to Be Spent During the Year	Amount Spent During the Year	Amount Carried Forward
31st March 2026	-	17.70	22.60	(4.90)

Note 39 : Unhedged Foreign Exchange Exposure

Particulars	Currency	Outstanding in FC (USD)/EURO/GBP	Outstanding in INR
Advance to supplier for goods			
2025-26	USD	-	-
2024-25	USD	0.00699	0.61

Note 40 : Supplementary Information

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
A. CIF Value Of Imports		
Raw Material	5.51	1.85
Capital Goods	1.37	-
B. Earnings In Foreign Currency		
Export Sale	244.10	351.81
C. Expenditure In Foreign Currency		
Travelling Expenses	2.76	7.52
Raw Material	5.51	1.85
Stores & Spares	-	-
Capital Goods	1.37	-
D. Raw Material Consumption	8,208.60	9,398.50
E. Stocks		
<u>Raw Material</u>		
Value	956.15	952.50
<u>Work In Progress</u>		
Value	1,310.47	1,098.68

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
<u>Finished Goods</u>		
Value	1,232.96	1,815.29
F. Value Of Raw Material Consumption		
Imported		
<u>Raw Material</u>		
Value	5.51	1.85
Percentage of total consumption	0.07%	0.02%
Indigenous		
<u>Raw Material</u>		
Value	8,203.09	9,396.64
Percentage of total consumption	99.93%	99.98%
G. Auditors Remuneration:		
Remuneration to Auditors (including service tax wherever applicable):		
As Auditors - Statutory Audit	8.50	7.50
For tax audit	1.25	1.25

Note 41 : Additional Regulatory Information

- a) **Details of Benami Property held:** No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder."
- b) **Wilful Defaulter:** The company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.
- c) **Relationship with Struck off Companies** – The company do not have any transactions or balances with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- d) **Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)**
The company has registered all the charges or satisfaction as required with the Registrar of Companies within the statutory period
- e) **Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:**
 - i. The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall –
 1. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 2. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - ii. The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall-
 1. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 2. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries."
- f) **Compliance with number of layers of companies-** The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- g) **Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency-** The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- h) **Undisclosed Income-** The Company do not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)."

- i) **Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements-** The Company is not under any scheme of Arrangements as prescribed under section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, there is no effect of such schemes in the books of accounts as at the end of the year.

Note 42 : Borrowings from banks and financial institution on the basis security of the assets

The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at points of time during the year, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly returns filed by the Company with such banks are not in agreement with the unaudited books of accounts of the Company for respective periods and there are no material discrepancies.

Quarter	Particulars of Securities Provided	Bank Name	Amount as per Books of Accounts (Net Amount) (Gross Debtors - Sale Bill Discounting)	Amount as reported in quarterly return/ statement	Amount of difference	Reason
Q1	Stock Statement	ICICI Bank Limited	3,690.92	3,690.92	-	
Q1	Book debts	ICICI Bank Limited	2,161.90	1,563.09	598.81	1) Book debts as per the stock statement are considered net of bill discounting, whereas the debtors reflected in the books of accounts are shown on a gross basis without considering the effect of bill discounting. 2) Balance Written off"
Q2	Stock Statement	ICICI Bank Limited	3,949.59	3,949.59	-	
Q2	Book debts	ICICI Bank Limited	2,306.79	1,717.03	589.76	Book debts as per the stock statement are considered net of bill discounting, whereas the debtors reflected in the books of accounts are shown on a gross basis without considering the effect of bill discounting.
Q3	Stock Statement	ICICI Bank Limited	3,667.17	3,667.17	-	
Q3	Book debts	ICICI Bank Limited	2,200.31	1,643.15	557.15	1) Book debts as per the stock statement are considered net of bill discounting, whereas the debtors reflected in the books of accounts are shown on a gross basis without considering the effect of bill discounting. 2) Due to inadvertent wrong classification of receipts, the amount received from the party was mistakenly accounted for under creditors instead of being adjusted against the debtor balance, as the same party is reflected both as a debtor as well as a creditor in our books of accounts. "

Q4	Stock Statement	ICICI Bank Limited	3,499.58	3,499.58	-	
Q4	Book debts	ICICI Bank Limited	2,967.47	2,376.92	590.55	"1) Book debts as per the stock statement are considered net of bill discounting, whereas the debtors reflected in the books of accounts are shown on a gross basis without considering the effect of bill discounting. 2) TDS Impact "

Note 43 : The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR') in Lakhs rounded off to two decimal places as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Note 44 : The company has issued 28,48,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of ₹ 79 each by way of initial public offer ("IPO") and got listed on Emerge Platform of National Stock Exchange of India Limited on April 2, 2024. The Company has also issued 25,17,980 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of ₹ 129 each by way of Preferential Allotment in F.Y. 2024-2025 on 7th October 2024.

The company has utilised proceeds from IPO as per the object clause of the prospectus as detailed below :

Sr No.	Object of the Issue	Modified Object, if any	Allocated amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Revised Allocated Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Amount utilised till March 31, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Amount unutilised till March 31, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)
1	Funding the Capital expenditure of our company to acquire land on leasehold basis at Butibori , MIDC and purpose to shift manufacturing facilities of the company	Funding of capital expenditure for purchase of land for setting up a new Manufacturing / Factory Unit in Gat No. 18/2, 31, 32, 33, 34/1, 34/2, 35, 36/1, Village Chambale, Taluka Wada, Dist. Palghar, Maharashtra 421312	466.83	549.03	549.03	-
2	Construction of factory building	Construction of factory building at Village Chambale Taluka Wada	1,217.89	1,113.79	-	1,113.79
3	N.A.	Stamp Duty, Registration & Other Statutory Expenses	-	37.18	37.18	-
4	General Corporate Expense	General Corporate Expense	600.00	584.72	584.72	-
5	Public issue Expense	Public issue Expense	250.00	250.00	250.00	-
Total			2,534.72	2,534.72	1,420.93	1,113.79

*The unutilized amount of the Preferential Issue is invested in the Fixed Deposits.

Sr No.	Object of the Issue	Modified Object, if any	Allocated amount	Revised Allocated Amount	Amount utilised till March 31, 2026	Amount unutilised till March 31, 2026
			(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)
1	General Corporate Expense	-	850.00	-	850.00	-
2	Working Capital	-	2,649.99	-	2,649.99	-
Total			3,499.99	-	3,499.99	-

Note 45 : Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged to correspond with the figures of current year wherever necessary.

Note 46 : The Company is engaged in the manufacturing of customized retail store fixtures & furniture made from wood, metal, plastic and other materials. This includes display fixtures & furniture, indoor fixtures, full Shops, CTU, CDU, POSM merchandising etc. and there are no separate reportable segments as per Accounting Standard (AS-17) "Segment Reporting

As per our report attached here with
For **RUSHABH DAVDA & ASSOCIATES**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg. No. 156559W

For and on behalf of the board of
Naman Industries Proxima Limited

Sd/-
CA Rushabh K Davda
Proprietor
Membership No. 188053
Peer Review No. 016545

Sd/-
Raju M. Paleja
Chairman and Managing Director
DIN : 03093108

Sd/-
Foram Desai
Whole-time Director
DIN :08768092

Sd/-
Trupti Gothankar
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-
Roshni Tiwari
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Mumbai
Date : 15-05-2026